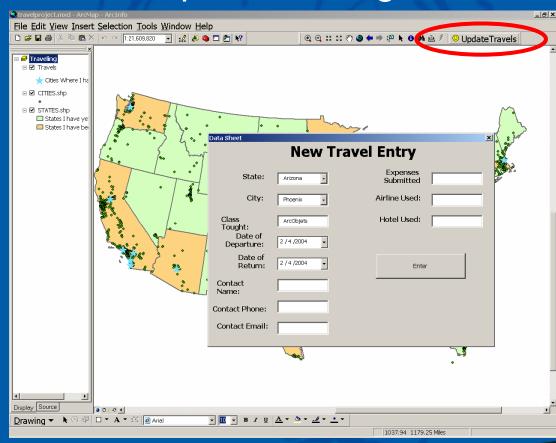
Customizing the ArcGIS Desktop

Jeremiah Lindemann
ESRI Denver
AGIC 2005 Conference
Prescott, AZ



VBA Customization

- Customize the interface to suite your needs without writing code
- Use VBA to extend ArcMap/ArcCatalog
- Create custom user forms, buttons and tools
- Automate workflows
- Subject of this seminar





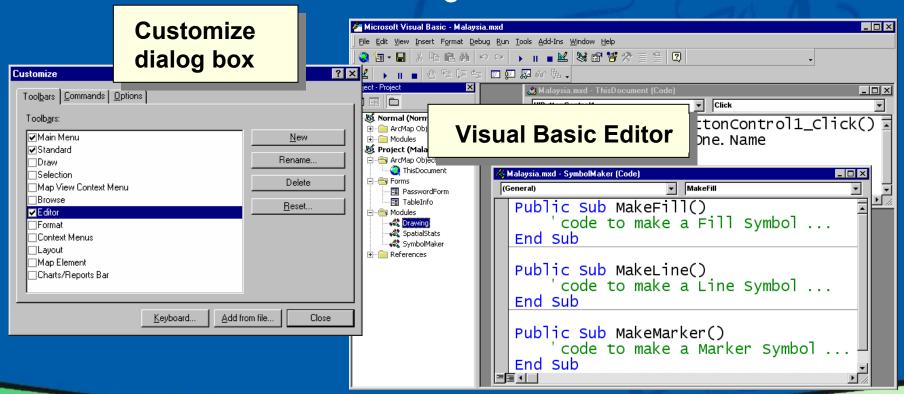
Workshop overview

- The VBA development environment
 - Customize dialog box
 - Changing the UI without writing code!
 - Visual Basic Editor
 - Where to write code
- Using developer samples
- Introductory look at ArcObjects (if time allows)
- Questions



The VBA development environment

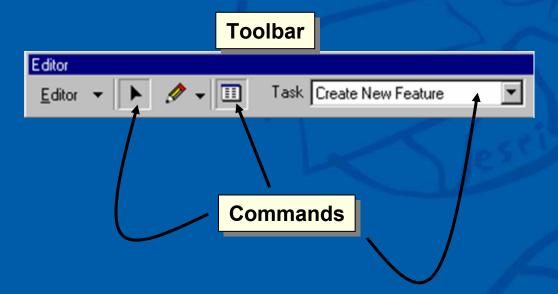
- Similar environment for all applications that use VBA
 - Customize dialog box: Interface customization
 - Visual Basic Editor: Writing code





ArcGIS commands

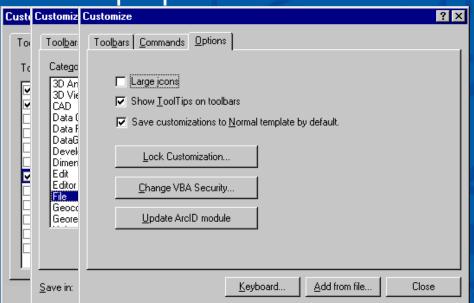
- Toolbars and menus contain commands
- Commands are buttons, menus, macros, and UIControls
- Each command has associated code



Using the Customize dialog box

- Open the dialog to put the interface in design mode
- With the Customize dialog box open, you can ...
 - Rearrange or remove existing commands
 - Add new toolbars and commands

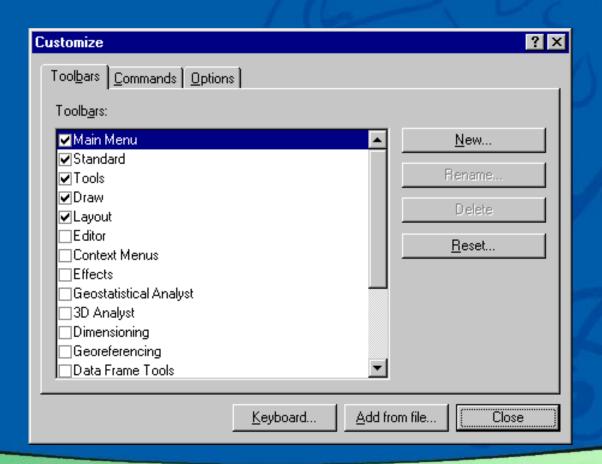
Change command properties





The Customize Dialog

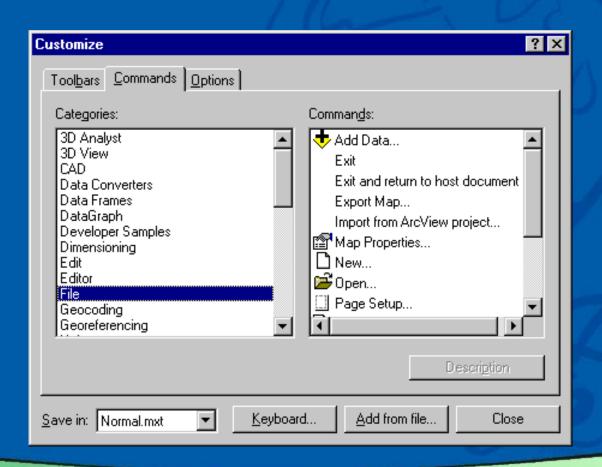
- Toolbars tab
 - Turn toolbars on and off, create new





The Customize Dialog

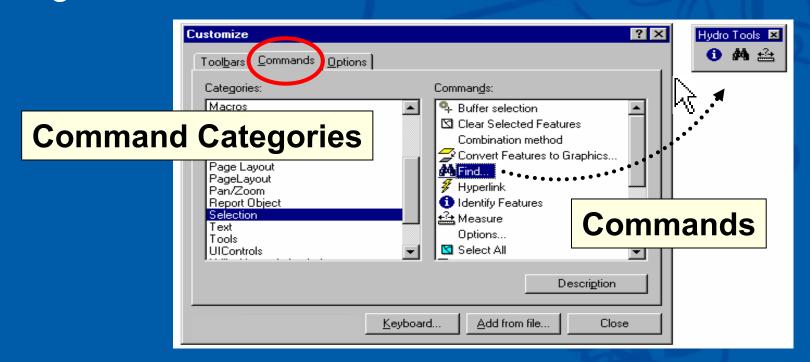
- Command tab
 - Drag and drop commands to existing toolabars





Using the Customize dialog box

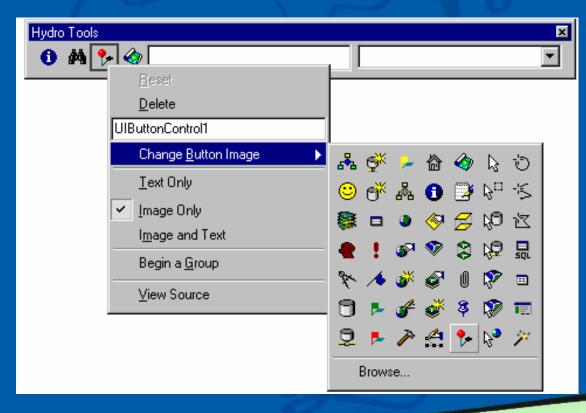
- Commands are organized into categories
- All ArcMap or ArcCatalog commands are here
 - Some that are not on the interface by default
- Drag commands onto toolbars or menus





Setting control properties

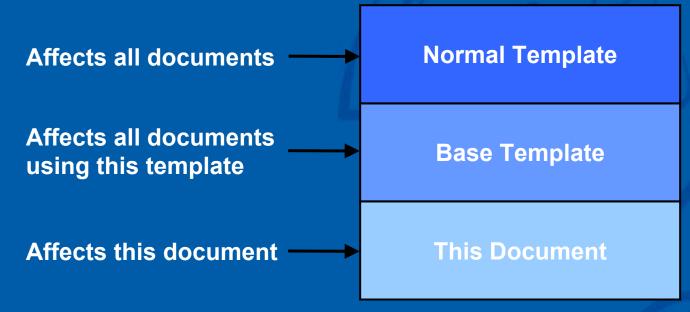
- Customize dialog box must be open
- Right-click a control to view and change properties
- Characteristics that define appearance
 - Name
 - Image
 - Display text or image
 - Begin a group





Accessing your customizations

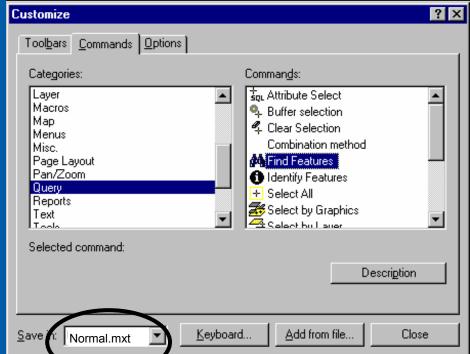
- ArcMap has three levels of storage
- Templates are read in order on startup



ArcCatalog only uses the Normal template

Storing your customizations

- All customizations are saved
 - Normal template, Base template, or the current document
- Current map overrides any templates
 - For example, controls can be added or removed

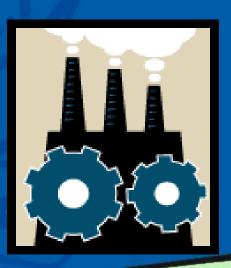






Instructor Led Demo

- Using the Customize dialog box to ...
 - Rearrange interface commands
 - Create a new toolbar
 - Add existing commands to the interface
 - Create a new UIControl
 - Change command properties
 - Reset a toolbar to its original appearance





The Visual Basic Editor

Project Explorer

Projects

🚰 Microsoft Visual Basic - Malaysia.mxd _ 🗆 × File Edit View Insert Format Debug Run Tools Add-Ins Window Help ▶ | ■ ① 短原生 | ■ ■ ● 份 克. Project - Project Malaysia.mxd - ThisDocument (Code) 니미치 Click UIButtonControl1 Private Sub UIButtonControl1_Click() \[
\] MsgBox Layer One. Name 🖹 🝇 Project (Malaysia.mxd) End Sub ThisDocument Malaysia.mxd - SymbolMaker (Code) MakeFill - PasswordForm - 🔠 TableInfo Public Sub MakeFill() 🖹 🧠 🦱 Modules code to make a Fill Symbol orawing 🎎 🚜 SpatialStats End Sub 🚜 SymbolMaker Public Sub MakeLine() code to make a Line Symbol End Sub Public Sub MakeMarker() 'code to make a Marker\Symbol End Sub

Code Modules

Procedures



Understanding ArcMap software's code storage

Project Explorer: Organizes *projects* (levels of customization)

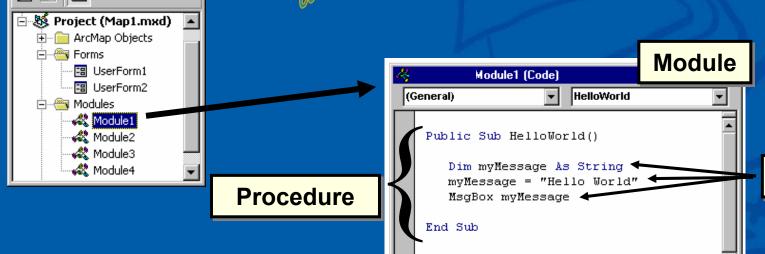
Project: Folder that stores modules (e.g., Normal.mxt)

Module: Document that stores code

Project - Project

Procedure: A block of code (e.g., macros)

Statement: A line of code



Statements



Writing Visual Basic statements

- Carry out actions
- Written inside procedures
- May have arguments
 - Multiple arguments are separated with commas
 - Some arguments are optional

```
Private Sub ShowMsgBox()

Beep

MsgBox "ESRI"

End Sub
```





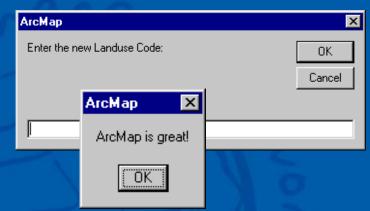
Some common Visual Basic functions

InputBox to get information

InputBox "Enter the new Landuse Code: "

MsgBox to report a message

MsgBox "ArcMap is Great!"

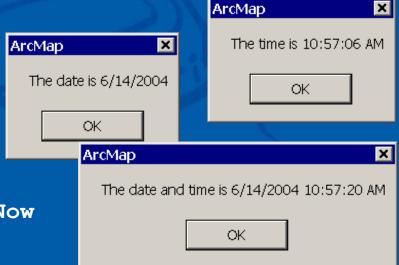


- Combine (concatenate) strings with & ...
- Get the Date or Time ...

```
MsgBox "The date is " & Date
```

MsgBox "The time is " & Time

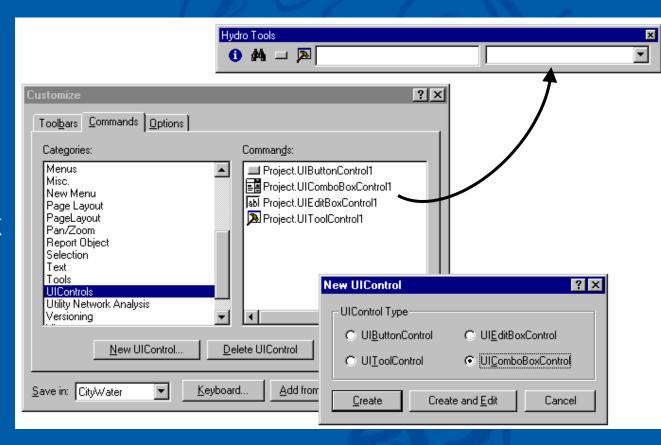
MsgBox "The date and time is " & Now





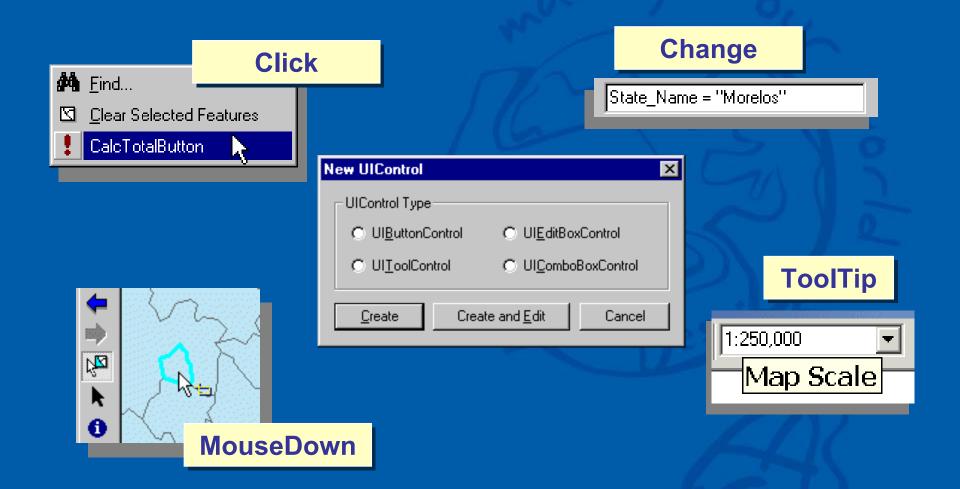
Creating a new command

- UIControls category
 - User-created commands
- Four types
 - Button
 - Tool
 - EditBox
 - ComboBox



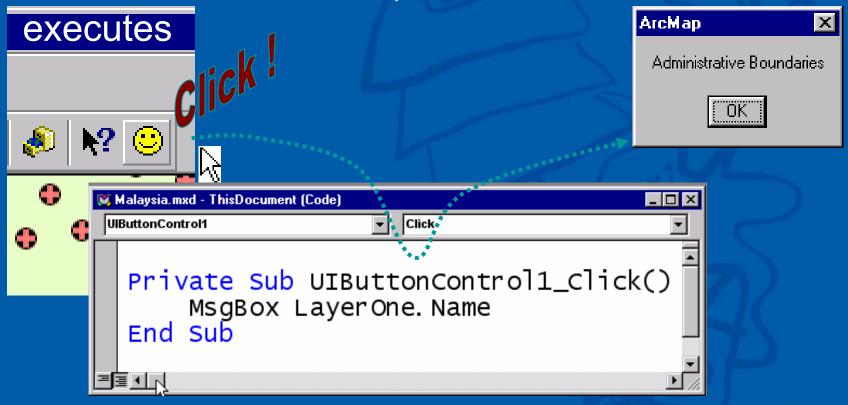


Event Procedures



Running an event procedure

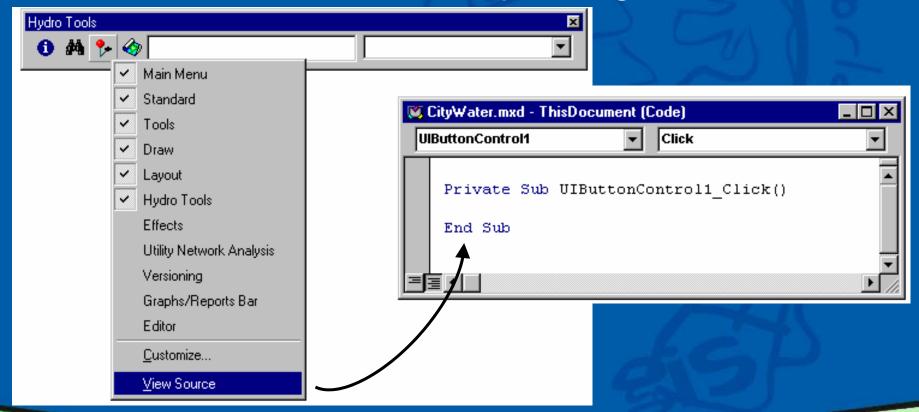
- Controls have a predefined set of events
 - You choose which ones to code
- When an event is fired, the associated code





Examining a control's source code

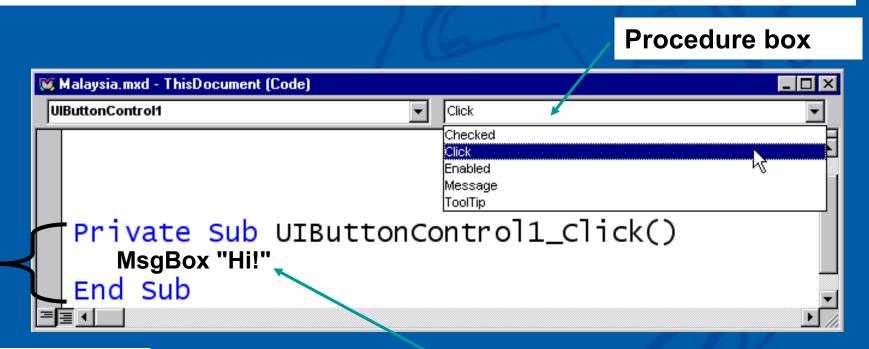
- Commands have events (e.g., Click, Doubleclick, MouseUp, KeyDown, KeyUp)
- Code runs when its corresponding event occurs





Navigating event procedures in a module

♦ Choose an event in the *Procedure* box



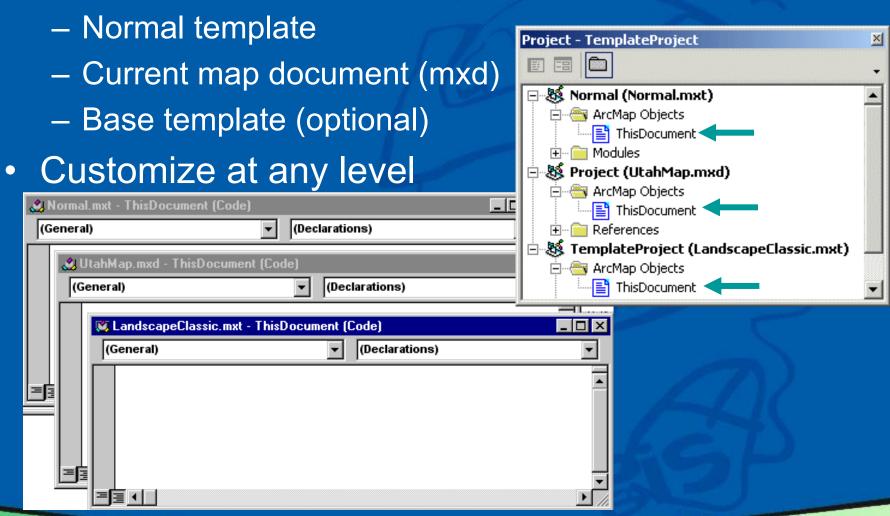
Wrapper lines are added automatically

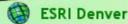
Write code to run when UIButtonControl1 is clicked



The ThisDocument module

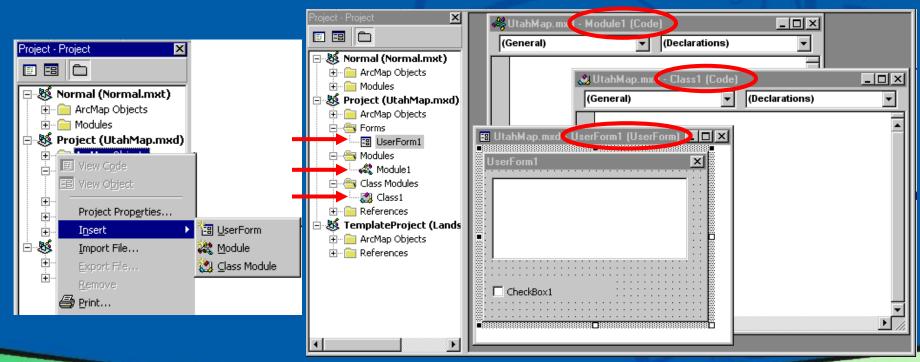
Contains code associated with a document





Creating a new module

- Module (standard module): Contains standalone code
- Class module: Contains a class definition
- UserForm: Contains code and layout for a form

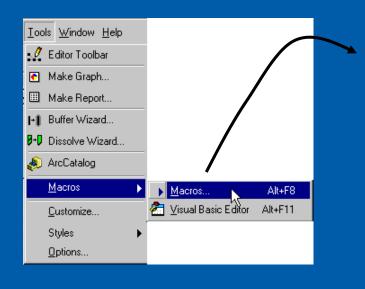


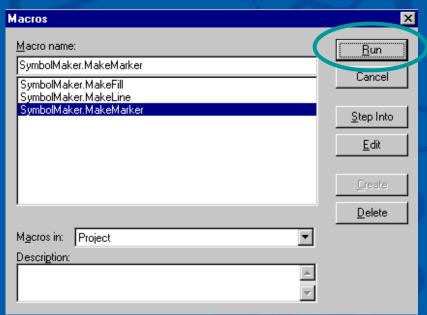


Running a subroutine or function procedure

- No event to cause code execution
- Must call the procedure
 - Macro menu: Interface
 - Call statement: Code

```
Public Sub ZoomToCounty()
Call SetExtent(CacheCnty. Envelope)
End Sub
```

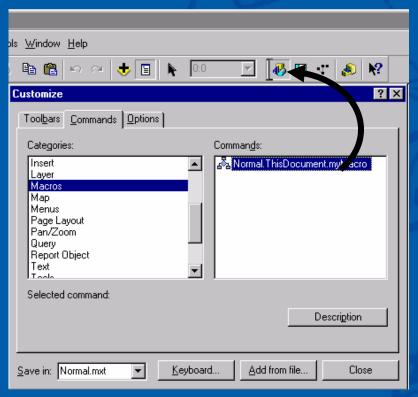






Adding a macro to a toolbar

- Macros category of the Customize dialog
- Macro becomes a button on the toolbar
 - Edit the control's properties

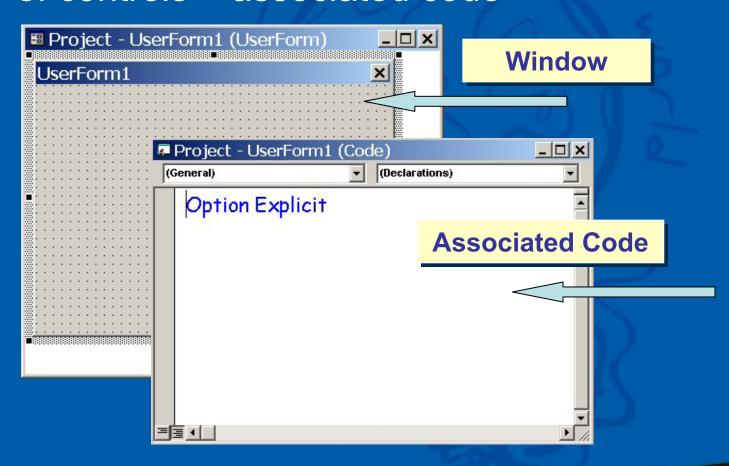




What is a Form?

- It's a module
- Window of controls + associated code

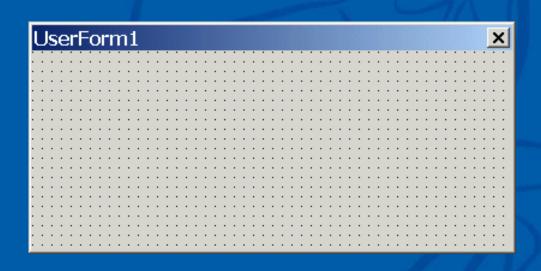




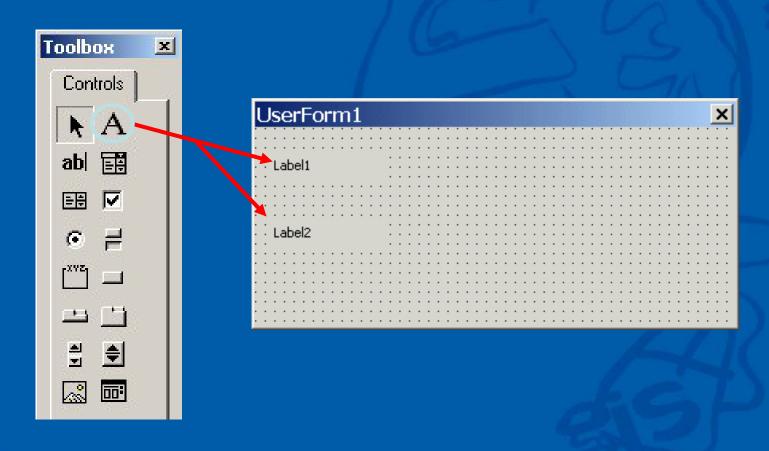


- Click and drag from toolbox to window
- Given default properties





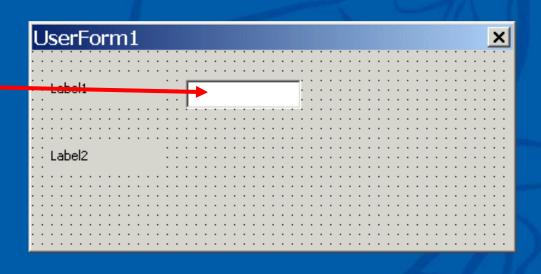
- Click and drag from toolbox to window
- Given default properties





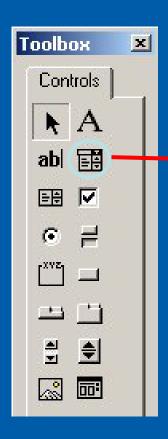
- Click and drag from toolbox to window
- Given default properties

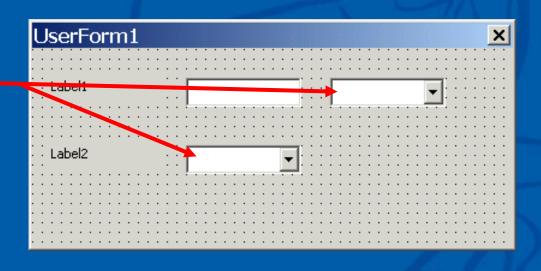






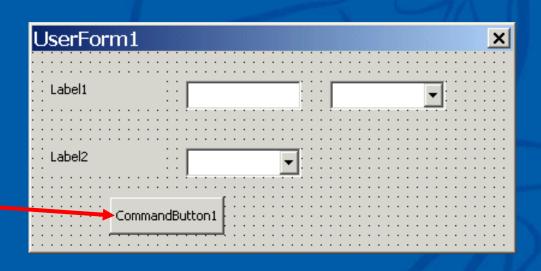
- Click and drag from toolbox to window
- Given default properties



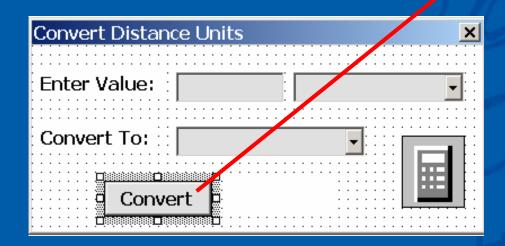


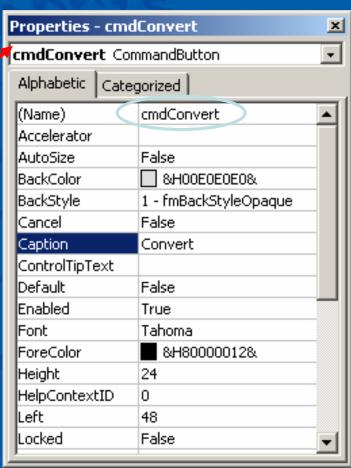
- Click and drag from toolbox to window
- Given default properties





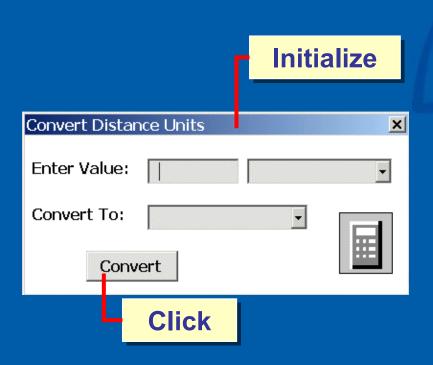
Changing Properties





Writing the Code

- Tie code to the object event procedures
- Objects found on left, events on right

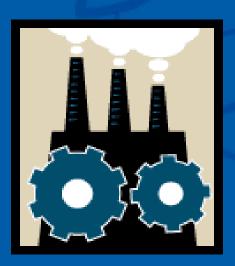


```
羄 Demo.mxd - frmConvertDistanceUnits (Code)
                                             Click
cmdConvert
   Private Sub cmdConvert_Click()
    If cboConvertFrom.Text = "Kilometers" Then
     lblOutput.Caption = txtInput.Text * 0.6214
    Else
     lblOutput.Caption = txtInput.Text * 1.609
    End If
   End Sub
  Private Sub UserForm_Initialize()
    cboConvertFrom.AddItem "Kilometers"
    cboConvertFrom.AddItem "Miles"
    cboConvertTo.AddItem "Kilometers"
    cboConvertTo.AddItem "Miles"
  End Sub
```



Instructor Led Demo: Creating a Form

- Create a form
 - Convert Celsius to Fahrenheit
 - (txtCelsius.Text * 9 / 5) + 32
- Show form with a button

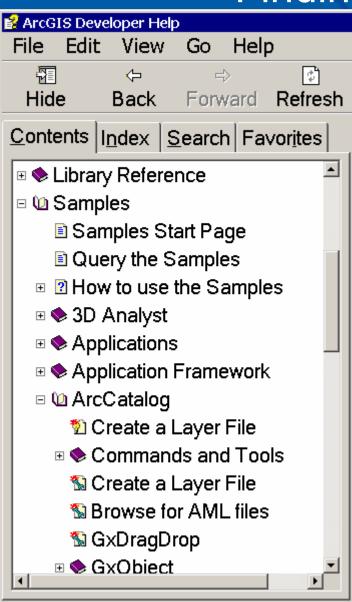


Workshop overview

- The VBA development environment
 - Customize dialog box
 - Changing the UI without writing code!
 - Visual Basic Editor
 - Where to write code
- Introductory look at ArcObjects
- Using developer samples



Finding Existing Code



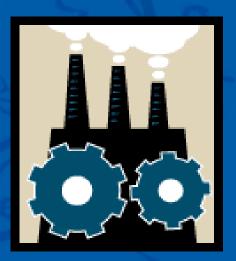
- Tips
 - Source code
 - Copy and paste into VBA
- Tools



- Compiled code (.dll)
- Follow Instructions!

Demo: Using a developer sample

- Tip
 - Add a layer file to ArcMap
- EDN Online:
 - http://edn.esri.com



Object Oriented

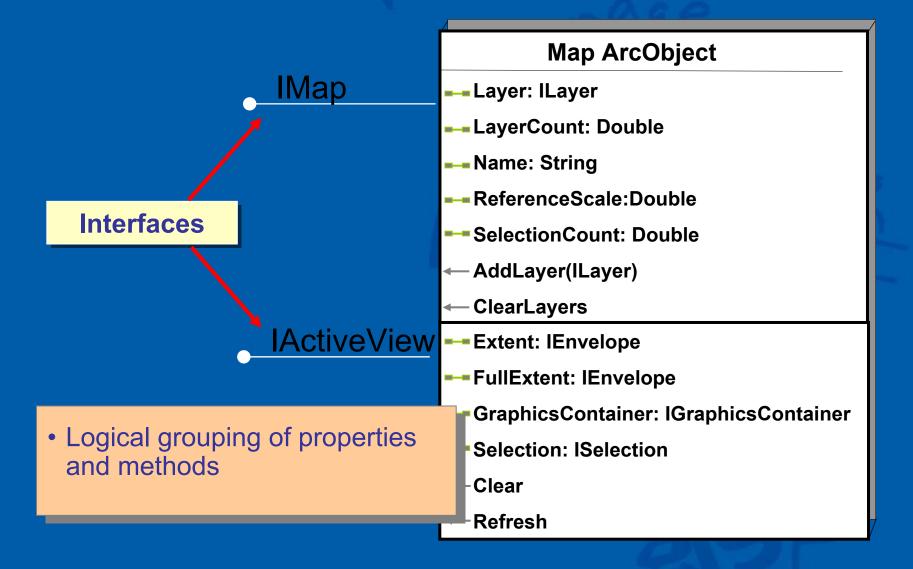
- Object members:
 - •Properties (■—■)
 - •Methods (←)

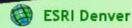
Map ArcObject

- Layer: ILayer
- --- LayerCount: Double
- --- Name: String
- --- ReferenceScale:Double
- SelectionCount: Double
- AddLayer(ILayer)
- ← ClearLayers
- --- Extent: IEnvelope
- --- FullExtent: IEnvelope
- --- GraphicsContainer: IGraphicsContainer
- ---Selection: ISelection
- ← Clear
- —Refresh



Interfaces





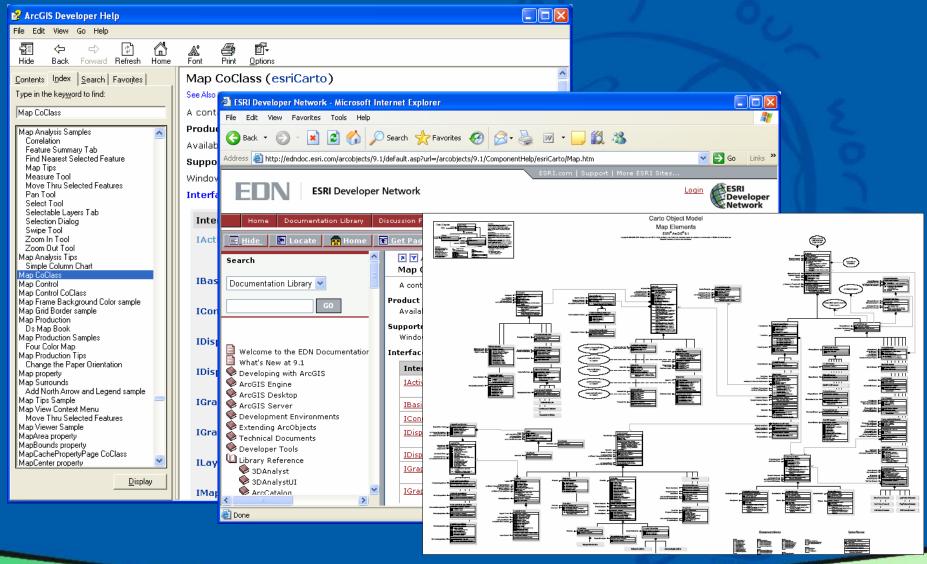
Interfaces

- Communicate with an object through its interface
- What interface will you use?
 - It depends on what property or method you want



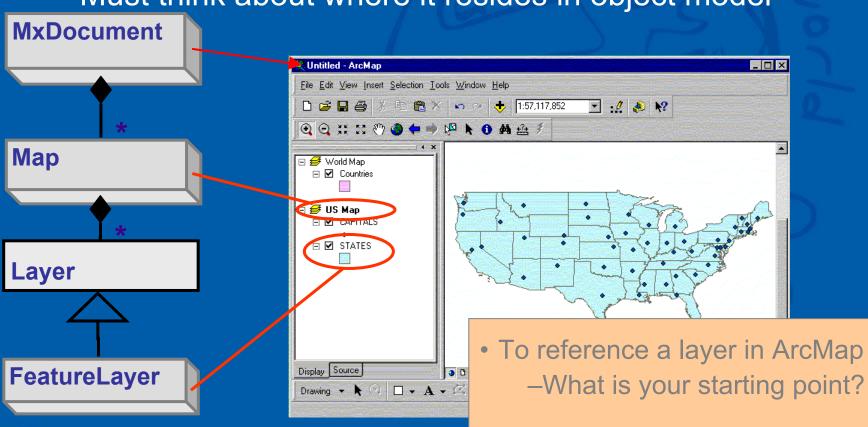


Locating Interfaces



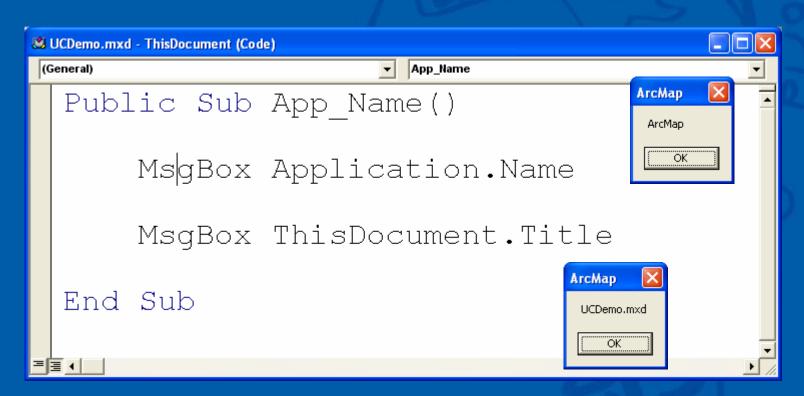
Relationship between ArcObjects

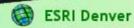
- To reference an existing ArcObjects
 - Can not reference it directly
 - Must think about where it resides in object model



Starting points for writing code

- VBA offers two preset variables
 - Application references the ArcMap application
 - ThisDocument references the MxDocument





Two steps to writing ArcObjects code

Step One: Dimension

Step Two: Set

IApplication

Application

■■ Document

IMxDocument

MxDocument

■ FocusMap

■■ PageLayout

Dim pMxD As IMxDocument Set pMxD = Application.Document

IMap

Dim pMap As IMap Set pMap = pMxD.FocusMap

IActiveView

Map

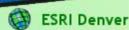
■ Name

■■ Layer

— AddLayer

■ FullExtent

← Refresh

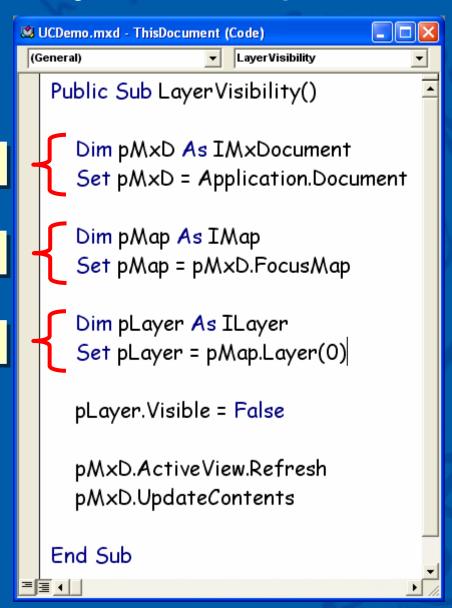


ArcObjects example

MxDocument

Map (Data Frame)

Layer

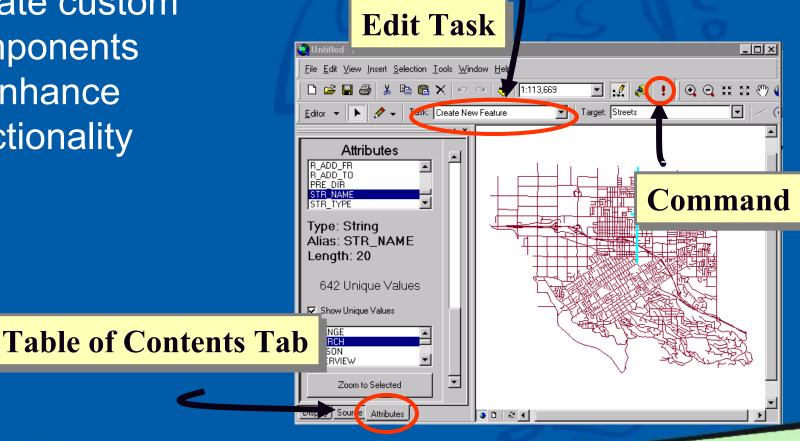


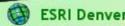


Advanced Desktop Customization

 Use VB6, VC++ or .NET to extend Desktop applications and geodatabase

 Create custom components to enhance functionality





Using a .DLL

- "Dynamic Linked Library"
- Save the .DLL onto your hard drive
- All samples already installed in:
 - C:\Program Files\ArcGIS\DeveloperKit\samples
- In the Customize Dialog box in ArcMap, choose "Add from file"
 - The .DLL will be added as a command under the "Developer Samples" category
 - Drag and Drop this command to any toolbar



Useful Resources

- ESRI Developer Network (EDN):
 - http://edn.esri.com/
 - Documentation
 - Samples
 - Discussion forums
- Web based and instructor led training
 - Introduction to Programming ArcObjects with VBA: 5day instructor led course
- Book: Getting to Know ArcObjects

